



Trilemma Rank  
# 71

Trilemma Score  
63.1

Balance Grade  
BCC

Bosnia and Herzegovina ranks 71th globally. It is one of the few European countries to have made significant improvements in Equity indices, starting from a lower baseline, and addressing access to clean cooking fuels since the early 2000s, whilst maintaining low energy prices for consumers. Recent improvement in the Sustainability index is driven by improved air quality and emission indicators, give a balance grade of BCC.

Population  
3.5 (millions)

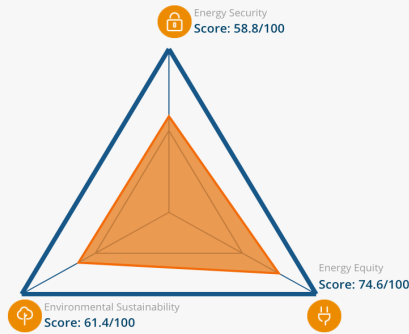
Land Area  
51.2 (thousand sq. km)

GDP Per Capita  
6,066 (PPP US\$)

Industrial Sector  
24.5 (% of GDP)

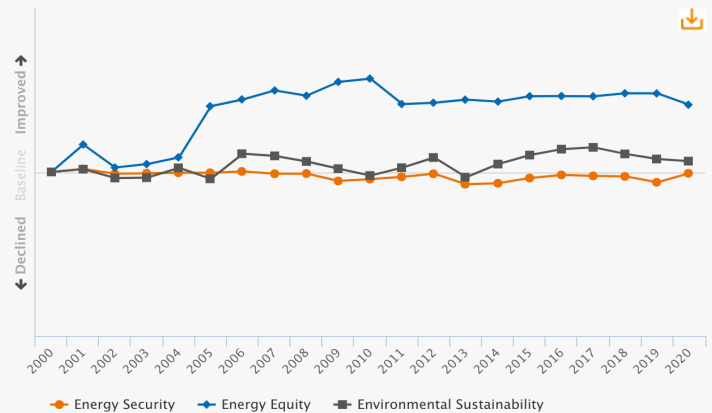
GDP Growth  
3.6 (annual %)

Balance



Historical Trilemma Scores

Trend lines track the country's performance in each dimension, beginning with a baseline of 100 in the year of 2000



Trends and Outlook

The plan is to adopt the national building renovation strategy for the period up to 2050 with an accent on the first decade up to 2030 and to set the system for regular energy audits in industry. It bears emphasising that the building sector is still the absolute largest energy consumer. This is to be followed by National Energy Efficiency Action plans 2019-2021 and NECP up to 2030 that will incorporate the development of all the four sectors: buildings, services, industry and transport against expected controlled growth of energy consumption (both final and primary). Both plans will observe the plans set in the Framework energy strategy and renewable energy action plan in regard of energy security, it will provide socio-economic validation of sectors development and emissions against INDC (environmental sustainability).

Key metrics

Metrics are determined relative to other countries, with a full bar representing a score of 100.

	2020 Performance	Trend 2010-20
<b>Energy security</b>		
Import dependence	██████████	▼
Diversity of electricity generation	██████████	▲
Energy storage	██████████	▲
<b>Energy equity</b>		
Access to electricity	██████████	▶
Electricity prices	██████████	▼
Gasoline and diesel prices	██████████	▲
<b>Environmental sustainability</b>		
Final energy intensity	██████████	▼
Low carbon electricity generation	██████████	▲
CO2 emissions per capita	██████████	▼
<b>Country context</b>		
Macroeconomic stability	██████████	▲
Effectiveness of government	██████████	▼
Innovation capability	██████████	▲